1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 54th Legislature (2013)
3	HOUSE BILL 1959 By: Bennett
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to civil procedure; stating
8	legislative findings; recognizing right to contract; defining terms; declaring certain rulings and
9	decisions to be in violation of public policy and making such rulings and decisions void and
10	unenforceable; declaring certain contracts and contractual provisions to be in violation of public
11	policy and making such contracts and contractual provisions void and unenforceable; requiring denial
12	of certain motions relating to venue; excluding certain legal entities from scope of law; providing
13	for interpretation of law; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
18	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 20 of Title 12, unless there is
19	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
20	A. The Legislature finds that it shall be the public policy of
21	this state to protect its citizens from the application of foreign
22	laws when the application of a foreign law will result in the
23	violation of a right guaranteed by the Constitution of this state or

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of the United States, including but not limited to due process,

- freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the Constitution of this state.
- The Legislature fully recognizes the right to contract В. freely under the laws of this state, and also recognizes that this right may be reasonably and rationally circumscribed pursuant to the state's interest to protect and promote rights and privileges granted under the United States or Oklahoma Constitution, including but not limited to due process, freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the Constitution of this state.
  - C. As used in this section:

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- 1. "Foreign law, legal code, or system" means any law, legal code, or system of a jurisdiction outside of any state or territory of the United States, including, but not limited to, international organizations and tribunals, and applied by that jurisdiction's courts, administrative bodies, or other formal or informal tribunals. For the purposes of this section, foreign law shall not mean, nor shall it include, any laws of the Native American tribes in this state:
- "Court" means any court, board, administrative agency, or other adjudicative or enforcement authority of this state; and
- 22 3. "Religious organization" means any church, seminary, synagogue, temple, mosque, religious order, religious corporation, association, or society, whose identity is distinctive in terms of

common religious creed, beliefs, doctrines, practices, or rituals, of any faith or denomination, including any organization qualifying as a church or religious organization under Section 501(c)(3) or 501(d) of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

- D. Any court, arbitration, tribunal, or administrative agency ruling or decision shall violate the public policy of this state and be void and unenforceable if the court, arbitration, tribunal, or administrative agency bases its rulings or decisions in the matter at issue in whole or in part on any law, legal code or system that would not grant the parties affected by the ruling or decision the same fundamental liberties, rights, and privileges granted under the U.S. and Oklahoma Constitutions, including but not limited to due process, freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the Constitution of this state.
- E. A contract or contractual provision, if capable of segregation, which provides for the choice of a law, legal code or system to govern some or all of the disputes between the parties adjudicated by a court of law or by an arbitration panel arising from the contract mutually agreed upon shall violate the public policy of this state and be void and unenforceable if the law, legal code or system chosen includes or incorporates any substantive or procedural law, as applied to the dispute at issue, that would not grant the parties the same fundamental liberties, rights, and

privileges granted under the U.S. and Oklahoma Constitutions, including but not limited to due process, freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the Constitution of this state.

- F. 1. A contract or contractual provision, if capable of segregation, which provides for a jurisdiction for purposes of granting the courts or arbitration panels in personam jurisdiction over the parties to adjudicate any disputes between parties arising from the contract mutually agreed upon shall violate the public policy of this state and be void and unenforceable if the jurisdiction chosen includes any law, legal code or system, as applied to the dispute at issue, that would not grant the parties the same fundamental liberties, rights, and privileges granted under the U.S. and Oklahoma Constitutions, including but not limited to due process, freedom of religion, speech, or press, and any right of privacy or marriage as specifically defined by the Constitution of this state; and
- 2. If a resident of this state, subject to personal jurisdiction in this state, seeks to maintain litigation, arbitration, agency or similarly binding proceedings in this state and if the courts of this state find that granting a claim of forum non conveniens or a related claim violates or would likely violate the fundamental liberties, rights, and privileges granted under the U.S. and Oklahoma Constitutions of the nonclaimant in the foreign

forum with respect to the matter in dispute, then it is the public policy of this state that the claim shall be denied.

- G. Without prejudice to any legal right, this section shall not apply to a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, business association, or other legal entity that contracts to subject itself to foreign law in a jurisdiction other than this state or the United States.
- H. No court or arbitrator shall interpret this section to limit the right of any person to the free exercise of religion as guaranteed by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and by the Constitution of this state. No court shall interpret this section to require or authorize any court to adjudicate, or prohibit any religious organization from adjudicating, ecclesiastical matters, including, but not limited to, the election, appointment, calling, discipline, dismissal, removal or excommunication of a member, officer, official, priest, nun, monk, pastor, rabbi, imam or member of the clergy of the religious organization, or determination or interpretation of the doctrine of the religious organization, where adjudication by a court would violate the prohibition of the establishment clause of the First Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, or violate the Constitution of this state.
- I. This section shall not be interpreted by any court to conflict with any federal treaty or other international agreement to which the United States is a party to the extent that such treaty or

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international agreement preempts or is superior to state law on the
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    matter at issue.
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        SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2013.
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